OpenPCD / OpenPICC Free Software and Hardware for 13.56MHz RFII

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by

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OpenPCD / OpenPICC Introduction

Who is speaking to you? an independent Free Software developer
one of the authors of Linux kernel packet filter
busy with enforcing the GPL at gpl-violations.org
working on Free Software for smartphones (openezx.org)
...and Free Software for RFID (librfid)
...and Free Software for ePassports (libmrtd)
...among other things ;)

Introduction RFID

Short introduction on 13.56MHz RFID systems

- □ Magnetic Coupling
- □ISO 14443-A / -B (proximity IC cards)
- □ISO 15693 (vicinity IC cards)
- □ Proprietary: FeliCa, Legic, Mifare Classic, ...
- □ Applications: RFID tagging (15693), Smartcards (14443)

RFID Reader Designs

Overview on available reader designs

□ Most readers based on ASIC (Philips, TI, ...) + Microcontroller

- □ Readers for PC's usually have USB, RS232 or PCMCIA IF
- □Some reader designs with Ethernet, RS-485
- □Important: If you need Mifare, you need Philips reader ASIC
- □Active readers implement protocols in firmware, passive in host sw

The OpenPCD project

The OpenPCD project

design a RFID reader that gives full power and all interfaces

- □reader hardware design is under CC share alike attribution license
- □reader firmware and host software under GPL
- □use hardware that doesn't require proprietary development tools
- Idon't license any RTOS but write everything from scratch
- □ ability to modify firmware
 - ○can be active or passive
 - ○can produce protocol violations

The OpenPCD project

The OpenPCD project

□various hardware interfaces

oconnector for analog and digital intermediate demodulation steps

oconnector for firmware-configurable trigger pulse

oconnector for unmodulated (tx) and demodulated (rx) bitstream

ORS232 (@ 3.3V) port for debug messages

□versatile internal connection between ASIC and microcontroller

oenables microcontroller to directly modulate carrier

 \triangleright using serial bitstream from SSC

▶using PWM signal from TC (timer/counter) unit

oenables microcontroller to sample Tx and/or Rx signal

⊳using SSC Rx

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC OpenPICC

OpenPCD hardware configuration Atmel AT91SAM7S128 microcontroller 48MHz 32bit ARM7TDMI core
many integrated peripherals (SPI, SSC, ADC, I2C, ..)
USB full speed peripheral controller
128kB user-programmable flash
32kB SRAM
integrated SAM-BA emergency bootloader, enables ISP

Philips CL RC632 reader ASIC
documentation 'freely' available (40bit RC4 / 5days)
commonly used by other readers
supports 14443-A and B, including higher bitrates up to 424kBps
can be configured up to 848kBps, even though it's not guaranteed

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC

OpenPCD schematics □ Please see the schematics in PDF form

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OpenPCD firmware build environment

Standard GNU toolchain for ARM7TDMI (armv4) obinutils-2.16.1

ogcc-4.0.2

□Custom Makefiles to create flash images

□sam7utils for initial flash using SAM-BA

□'cat dfu.bin firmware.bin > foo.samba' produces SAM-BA image

□ Parts of newlib are linked if DEBUG=1 is used (snprintf, ...)

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPCD device firmware

OpenPCD device firmware

since firmware is hackable, it should be easy to download a new image
USB Forum published "USB Device Firmware Upgrade" (DFU) specification
sam7dfu project (developed as part of OpenPCD) implements DFU on SAM7
dfu-programmer (sf.net) implemented 90% of what was required on host
DFU works by switching from normal (application) mode into separate mode with its own device/configuration/endpoint descriptors

 since firmware bug could render device in broken 'crashed' state, we added a button that can be pressed during power-on to force DFU mode

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC device firmware

- OpenPCD device firmware
- The firmware build system allows for different build targets for different firmware images
- Normal reader operation using librid supported by 'main_dumbreader' target
- □main_librfid: Intelligent firmware with full RFID stack built-in
- □main_analog: Analog signals can be output on U.FL socket
- main_pwm: PWM modulation of 13.56MHz carrier (variable frequency/phase)
- Imain_reqa: Implement 14443-123 (Type A) in reader firmware, send REQA/WUPA/anticol

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC device firmware

OpenPCD device firmware source

osome generic C library routines (bitops, printf, ...)

□src/os

oshared 'operating system' code

□src/pcd

OpenPCD specific code (reader side)

□src/picc

OpenPICC specific code (tag side)

□src/dfu

OUSB Device Firmware Upgrade

□src/start

 $\circ \text{low-level}$ assembly startup code

□scripts

oscripts to generate UTF8LE usb strings, etc

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPCD USB protocol

OpenPCD USB protocol

- □All communication on the USB is done using a vendor-specific protocol on three endpoints (BULK OUT, BULK IN, INT IN)
- □All messages (usb transfers) have a common four-byte header

OpenPCD / OpenPICC dumbreader firmware

OpenPCD 'main_dumbreader' firmware

The main_dumbreader firmware exports four primitives for RC632 access

oread register

○write register

○read fifo

 \circ write fifo

□Using those primitives, the full 14443-1234 A+B and 15693 can be implemented in host software (librfid)

□This is the main production firmware at this point

OpenPCD / OpenPICC main_pwm firmware

OpenPCD 'main_pwm' firmware The main_pwm firmware allows emitting oa 13.56MHz carrier omodulated with an arbitrary PWM signal ofrequency and phase controlled by console on UART port Using main_pwm, it's easy to test link-layer characteristics, e.g.

when developing a PICC device

OpenPCD / OpenPICC main_reqa firmware

OpenPCD 'main_reqa' firmware The main_reqa firmware contains code to either orepeatedly transmit ISO14443A REQA orepeatedly transmit ISO14443A WUPA orepeatedly go through full ISO14443A anticollision The progress is shown on the serial debug port This firmware is mainly for demonstration and debugging

OpenPCD / OpenPICC main_mifare firmware

OpenPCD 'main_mifare' firmware The main_mifare firmware contains code to orepeatedly dump one page of a mifare classic card This only works, if the INFINEON default key is used The progress is shown on the serial debug port This firmware is mainly for demonstration and debugging

OpenPCD / OpenPICC (librfid)

The librfid project

- □predates OpenPCD by 1.5 years
- was originally written as part of the OpenMRTD project for ePassports

supported Omnikey CM5121 / CM5321 readers
OpenPCD main_dumbreader support has been added
implements 14443 -2, -3, -4 (A+B), ISO 15693, Mifare
http://openmrtd.org/projects/librfid

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC Status

- **OpenPCD** status
- Hardware design finished
- \Box Prototype state is over
- □First 80 units shipped to customers
- Orders can be placed (100EUR excl. VAT) at http://shop.openpcd.org/
- □DIY folks: We also sell the PCB for 18EUR :)
- □We have readers with us, in case anyone is interested

OpenPCD / OpenPICC main_librfid firmware

OpenPCD 'main_librfid' firmware

The main_librfid firmware contains the full librfid stack offers librfid C API

oallows easy port of librfid host applications into device firmware

oallows OpenPCD to operate 100% autonomous

odoes not have a USB protocol for host applications yet

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPCD outlook

OpenPCD outlook

imain_librfid USB protocol specifications

°'bset of both worlds' approach for many applications

emulate USB-CCID profile (designed for contact based smartcard readers)

 thus, OpenPCD could be used to transparently access 14443-4 (T=CL) protocol cards just like contact based smartcards

□emulate ACG serial protocol on debug port

 $\odot\mbox{thus},$ software like RFIDiot and RFdump could be used

□ write nice frontend for Rx/Tx sampling

oincluding software decoding on host pc to recover data

ofinally be able to do some cryptoanalysis on e.g. Mifare

□Lots of other interesting projects

○Volunteers wanted!

The OpenPICC project

□ conterpart to OpenPCD

design RFID transponder simulator that gives full control / all interfaces

- □hardware schematics and software licensed like OpenPCD
- □based on the same microcontroller
 - omuch of the firmware (USB stack, SPI driver, ...) is shared
- □no ASIC's for 'transponder side' available
- analog frontend and demodulator had to be built discrete, from scratch

OpenPCD / OpenPICC hardware configuration

OpenPICC hardware configuration

□Atmel AT91SAM7S256

oalmost 100% identical to S128 (OpenPCD)

ohas twice the RAM and flash

□Analog antenna frontend / matching network

 \Box Diode based demodulator

□Two FET and NAND based load modulation circuit

osubcarrier generated in software

○SSC clock rate == (2*fSubc) == 2*847.5kHz = 1.695MHz

Output of 101010 produces 847.5kHz subcarrier

otwo GPIO pins configure three steps of modulation depth

OpenPCD / OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

Antenna builds resonant circuit with capacitor

- □low-capacity diode for demodulation
- □active filter + buffering/amplification
- □ comparator for quantization of signal
- □resulting serial bitstream fed into SSC Rx of SAM7

OpenPCD / OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

□ Problem: bit clock regeneration

• bitclock is fCarrier / 128

OPCD modulates 100% ASK => no continuous clock at PICC

□Solution:

○PICC needs to recover/recreate fCarrier using PLL

 $^{\rm O}{\rm PLL}$ response can be delayed via low pass

 \Box Problem:

○However, PLL will drift in long sequence of bytes

□Solution:

 ${}_{\square} ^{\bigcirc} \text{Sample-and-Hold}$ in PLL loop can solve this problem

OpenPCD / OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

OpenPICC hardware (Rx path)

Problem: bit clock / sample clock phase coherency

bitclock is not coherent over multiple frames

OPCD can start bitclock at any fCarrier cycle

OPICC needs to recover bit clock

□Solution:

OpenPICC uses SAM7 Timer/Counter 0 as fCarrier divider
 First falling edge of demodulated data resets counter
 Therefore, sample clock is in sync with bit clock

OpenPCD / OpenPICC hardware (Tx path)

OpenPICC hardware (Tx path) Two FET and NAND based load modulation circuit osubcarrier generated in software oSSC clock rate == (2*fSubc) == 2*847.5kHz = 1.695MHz output of 101010 produces 847.5kHz subcarrier otwo GPIO pins configure three steps of modulation depth

OpenPCD / OpenPICC OpenPICC USB protocol

OpenPICC USB protocol

¹100% identical to OpenPCD, just different set of commands

Most commands based on virtual register set (content: protocol params)

modulation width / depth
frame delay time for synchronous replies
encoding (manchester, OOK / NRZ-L, BPSK)
decoding (miller / NRZ)
UID for anticollision
ATQA content

OpenPCD / OpenPICC Status

OpenPICC status

□ second generation prototype not yet 100% functional

□ still some problems with clock recovery + analog side

□finished 'really soon now'

□first production units expected for January

OpenPCD / OpenPICC

Links

- □http://openpcd.org/
- □http://wiki.openpcd.org/
- □http://shop.openpcd.org/
- □http://openmrtd.org/project/librfid/
- □http://openbeacon.org/ (active 2.4GHz RFID)